Pre-Lab Questions:

- 1. Who was Al-Ijliya?
- 2. How is an astrolabe like a protractor?
- 3. How does astrolabe work?
- 4. What were the challenges she had to overcome to become a scientist?
- 5. What was her contribution in science and technology?
- 6. How can Al-Ijliya's story be used in the fight of stereotypes against Muslim Women Mathematicians and scientists?
- 7. Describe the connection between these three: Al-'Ijliyyah, Astrolabes and protractor

Materials needed:

Students will be given A4 paper, scissors, tape, string, paper clip, and a pencil.

Procedure:

- 1. Make a paper astrolabe by using A4 paper and straightedge. Use half of the paper to make a semicircle and remaining half to make a paper straw. Watch tutorial, here
- 2. Construct a semicircle by pencil
- 3. Use scissors to make a paper semicircle. Glue it on a hard paper. Create a hole in the middle and write angles from 0 to 180 degree along the edge of the semicircle.
- 4. You need to suspend a weight (penny) through the hole of your astrolabe by using a rope.
- 8. Glue the paper straw to the straight side of your astrolabe
- 9. Find the height of your classroom using astrolabe.

Measurement:

- Find the angle from your eye between the adjunct side and hypotenuse of the right angle triangle. Draw the diagram.
- 2. Find the adjacent side, from your eye to the other side of the wall below the ceiling.
- 3. Find the distance between ground to your eye.
- 4. Find the h of your classroom (show all work):

